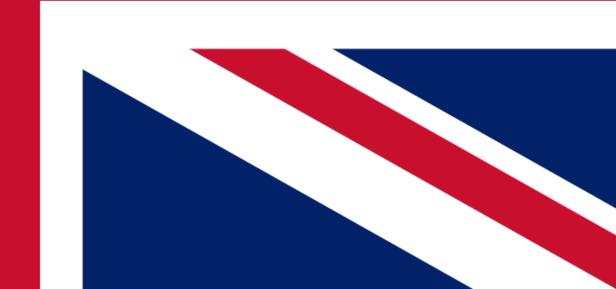


PHRASAL VERBS (PARTE 1)





PHRASAL VERBS

 UN «PHRASAL VERB» È UNA PARTICOLARE COMBINAZIONE DI VERBO +
PARTICELLA AVVERBIALE O PREPOSIZIONE IN CUI LA PARTICELLA AVVERBIALE
O LA PREPOSIZIONE <u>MODIFICANO IL SIGNIFICATO DEL VERBO</u>, QUINDI UNO
STESSO VERBO PUÒ ASSUMERE <u>SIGNIFICATI DIVERSI A SECONDA DELLA</u>
PREPOSIZIONE O DELLA PARTICELLA AVVERBIALE DA CUI È SEGUITO

VERBO **BREAK** (=rompere)

- . BREAK DOWN=ROMPERSI (DI MACCHINE)
- . BREAK (SOMETHING) DOWN= DEMOLIRE (UNA PORTA, BARRIERA...)
- . BREAK (SOMETHING) OFF= INTERROMPERE (RELAZIONI, ATTIVITÀ), TRONCARE
- . BREAK INTO= ENTRARE CON LA FORZA
- BREAK OUT= SCOPPIARE (GUERRE, INCENDI..)
- . BREAK UP = FINIRE (RIUNIONE, SCUOLE...)/ LASCIARSI, FINIRE UNA RELAZIONE

- . My car *broke down* while I was going back home.
- . The door was locked. They had to *break it down* to get in.
- Sarah and John were getting married next month, but she found he was having an affair and broke it off.
- . The thieves **broke into** the bank.
- The Second World War broke out in 1939.
- School is going to break up for the summer holidays
- . Jennifer and I broke up. We were just not meant for each other.

VERBO **BRING** (=portare)

- BRING (SOMETHING) ABOUT=CAUSARE
- BRING (SOMEONE/SOMETHING) BACK= RIPORTARE
- BRING (SOMEONE) UP= ALLEVARE/CRESCERE (PERSONE)
- BRING (SOMETHING) UP = SOLLEVARE (UNA QUESTIONE)

- . He **brought about** his company's collapse by reckless speculation.
- Our dog ran away this morning. Thankfully, I found it and brought it back.
- . My parents *brought me up* with love and care.
- The question of air pollution was very important but Dr. Murphy was the only one to bring it up at the meeting.

VERBO **COME** (=venire)

- COME ACROSS=IMBATTERSI IN QUALCOSA PER CASO
- **COME BACK**= RITORNARE
- COME ROUND= ANDARE A TROVARE/FARE VISITA
- **COME INTO** = *EREDITARE*
- **COME ABOUT**= *SUCCEDERE*
- COME OUT= ESSERE PUBBLICATO/DATO ALLA STAMPA
- COME UP WITH= SUGGERIRE UN'IDEA O SOLUZIONE

- . Yesterday I *came across* 50\$ on the street.
- . Come back soon! I'll be waiting for you!
- . She often *comes round* for a cup of tea in the afternoon.
- . After my grandparent's death, my father *came into* a lot of money.
- . I have no idea what *came about*, but Tom looked really sad.
- The article on the film «X-men» has already come out.
- I can't come up with any new ideas!

VERBO **CUT** (=tagliare)

- CUT (SOMETHING) DOWN=ABBATTERE
- CUT (SOMEONE/SOMETHING) OFF= ISOLARE/SOSPENDERE L'EROGAZIONE
- CUT (SOMEONE/SOMETHING) OUT= TAGLIARE/ESCLUDERE
- **CUT (SOMETHING) UP** = *TAGLIARE IN PICCOLI PEZZI*

- . They *cut* the tree *down* to make room for the swimming pool.
- . I didn't pay the bills, so they *cut* the gas *off*.
- . He was too lazy and never helped with the project, so they *cut* him *out*.
- . Can you *cut* the tomato *up* for the soup, please?

VERBO **GET** (=ottenere)

- GET ALONG/ ON WITH SOMEONE/SOMETHING = ANDARE D'ACCORDO/CAVARSELA
- GET OVER= SUPERARE (DI MALATTIA, SPAVENTO)
- **GET AWAY (FROM)**= *ANDARSENE/SCAPPARE*
- GET AWAY WITH= FARLA FRANCA
- GET (SOMETHING) ACROSS (TO SOMEONE)= FAR CAPIRE QUALCOSA A QUALCUNO
- **GET BACK=** *RITORNARE* (A CASA)
- GET SOMETHING BACK= RIAVERE QUALCOSA INDIETRO

- I always *get along* with Mary.
- Tom had high fever for 3 days, but now he has got/gotten over it.
- The thieves got away from the police.
- You won't get away with this! One day people will know the truth!
- I can't get my ideas across to you. You aren't even listening!
- Can you clean the kitchen when you get back home?
- I need to get my computer back. Tom stole it yesterday.

VERBO **GET** (=ottenere)

- GET BY= SOPRAVVIVERE, CAVARSELA
- GET SOMEONE DOWN= DEPRIMERE
- GET DOWN TO= COMINCIARE A CONCENTRARSI SU
- GET ON (WITH)= CONTINUARE A FARE QUALCOSA
- GET RID OF= LIBERARSI DI
- GET THROUGH= FARCELA, SUPERARE UN ESAME, ARRIVARE A DESTINAZIONE
- GET THROUGH (TO)= RAGGIUNGERE QUALCUNO PER TELEFONO

- Don't be stressed! You'll get by this situation!
- That film really got me down. It was so depressing!
- We need to get down to our project. It is really important!
- I am going to *get on with* my studies after high school.
- I want to *get rid of* my old clothes.
- I am studying really hard to get through this exam
- I couldn't get through to Mary last night. Have you talked to her? Is she okay?

VERBO **GIVE** (=dare)

- GIVE (SOMETHING) UP=SMETTERE/RINUNCIARE
- GIVE (SOMETHING) AWAY= DARE VIA
- GIVE (SOMETHING) OUT= DISTRIBUIRE
- GIVE (SOMETHING) BACK = RESTITUIRE
- GIVE IN = CEDERE/ARRENDERSI

- Due to some family problems, Mary gave up her Erasmus scholarship.
- I gave my old clothes away to poor children.
- The teacher *gave out* the question papers to the class before starting the exam.
- I have to give the book back to the library this week.
- I didn't want to go the party, but Jennifer insisted and I gave in.

VERBO GO (=andare)

- GO OFF=SPEGNERSI, ANDARE VIA (DI LUCE, GAS...)
- GO ON= CONTINUARE
- GO ON AT SOMEONE= CONTINUARE A PARLARE DI QUALCOSA, CRITICARE RIPETUTAMENTE
- GO OUT= SPEGNERSI (DI LUCE, FUOCO...)
- GO THROUGH= ESAMINARE, LEGGERE, RIPASSARE
- GO AFTER= RINCORRERE
- GO BACK= RITORNARE IN UN LUOGO
- GO BACK ON= NON MANTENERE UNA PROMESSA
- GO DOWN= DIMINUIRE (I PREZZI, TEMPERATURA...)
- GO IN FOR= ISCRIVERSI A (UNA GARA ECC.), INTRAPRENDERE UNA PROFESSIONE

- SUDDENLY THE LIGHT WENT OFF.
- Go on! Don't stop reading!
- I wish you'd stop going on at me about my haircut.
- The candle went out.
- Now, we will go through page 21.
- I went after the butterfly, but it flew away.
- I want to go back to Rome. I love that city!
- You always go back on your promises.
- The price of gold *has gone down*.
- I know I don't have enough experience, but I still want to go in for the job!



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



